



# **2005 ANNUAL DOE SUPERCONDUCTIVITY PEER REVIEW**

## **Transition of LANL Technology to SuperPower**

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**LANL-SUPERPOWER CRADA STRATEGIC RESEARCH SESSION**

**AUGUST 3, 2005**

# SuperPower was formed in 2000 with a primary mission of scaling up 2G conductor technology to manufacturing

With the formation of SuperPower, Intermagnetics made a commitment to aggressively add capital equipment, personnel, and collaboration to scale up 2G conductor.

In 2000, LANL was the first entity in the world that reached 100 A-m milestone in meter lengths of 2G conductor.

A 3-year CRADA with LANL was established in 2000 for transitioning IBAD-PLD technologies to manufacturing. SuperPower was internally developing MOCVD as a future alternative to PLD.

<i>Year</i>	<i>Publicly-announced Milestones in 2000</i>
<i>2001</i>	Continuous fabrication of short lengths of 2nd gen HTS.
<i>2002</i>	Demonstrate 2G with performance better than 100 A-m in > 1 m lengths
<i>2003</i>	Demonstrate performance > 1000 A-m in > 10 m lengths
<i>2004</i>	Demonstrate performance > 10,000 A-m in > 100 m lengths

# IBAD was chosen because of its superiority over competing technologies

## Virtually any substrate could be used

- High-strength substrates
- Non magnetic substrates
- Low cost, off-the shelf substrates (Inconel, Hastelloy, Stainless Steel)
- Very thin substrates
- Resistive substrates – for low a.c. losses
- Easy to handle – less possibility of defects

## Small grain size – sub micron range

- No issues with percolation
- Can pattern conductor to very narrow filaments for low ac loss conductor



# MOCVD provides advantages of high throughput & single-piece lengths

For a low-cost conductor, high throughput is a major requirement.

Throughput =

Deposition Rate × Deposition zone length × Deposition zone width

Single-piece length =

Deposition Rate × Deposition zone length



**Pilot MOCVD**

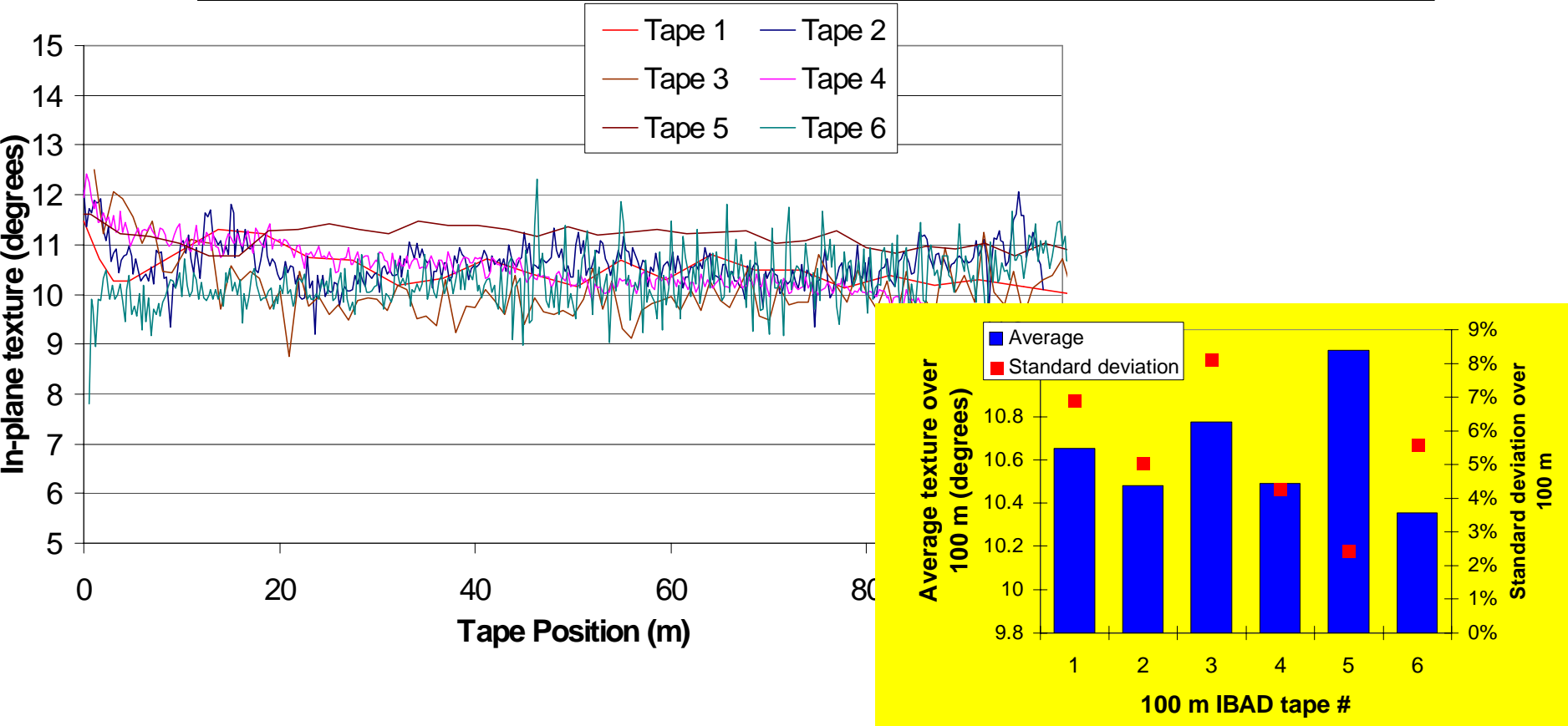
Only MOCVD offers the advantage of high deposition rates (150 Angstroms/s) as well as long and wide deposition zone

## # Hours to produce 1 km of coated conductor

<i>1 micron thick HTS</i>	<b>Deposition Zone</b>	
<b>Deposition Rate</b>	<b>1 m</b>	<b>10 m</b>
<b>150 Angstroms/s</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>1 Angstrom/s</b>	<b>2,778</b>	<b>278</b>
<b>10 Angstrom/s</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>28</b>

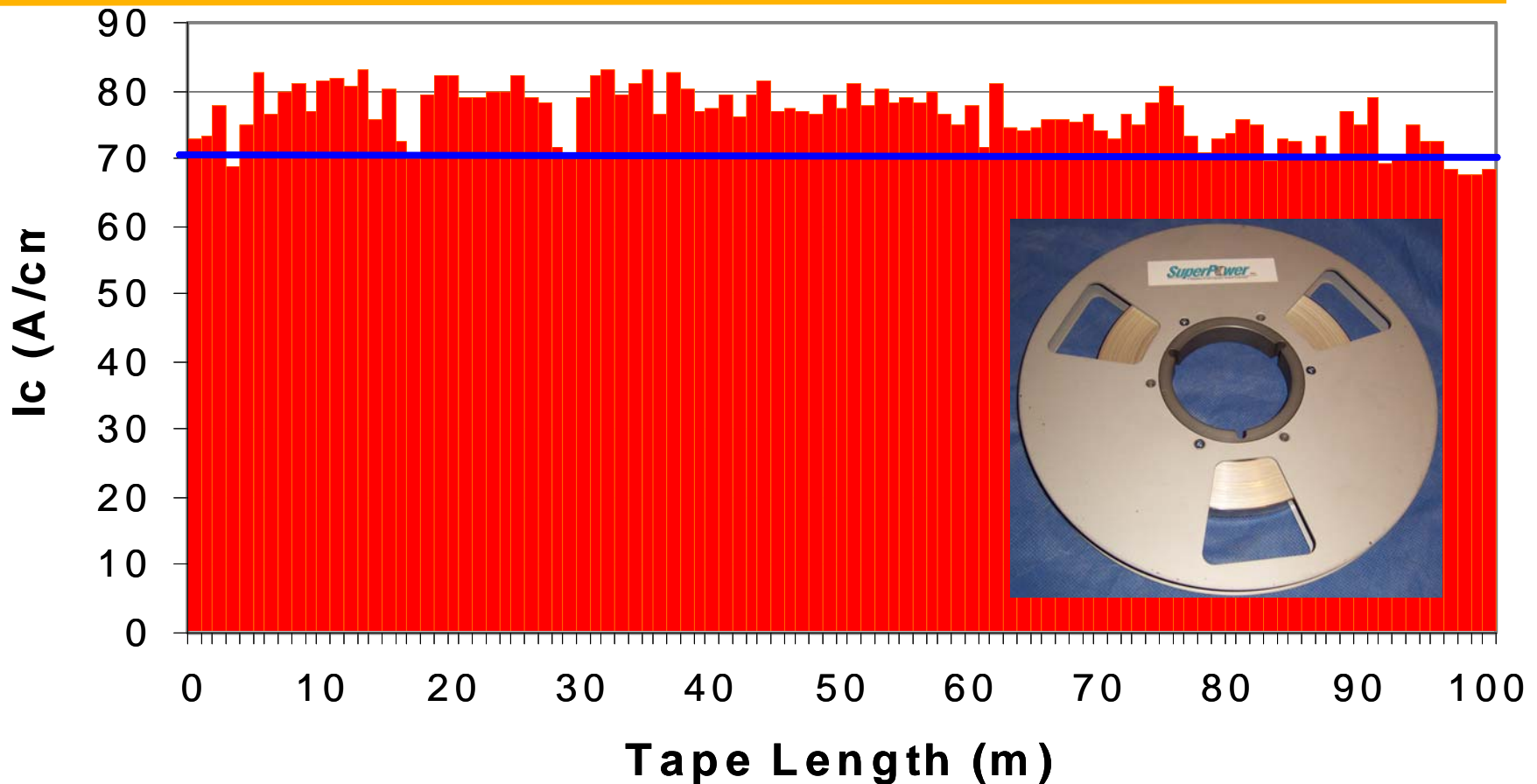
# Steady progress since 2001, IBAD YSZ process transitioned from LANL to full-fledged Pilot manufacturing

Over 25, 100 m IBAD tapes produced with same process



**IBAD YSZ process has been produced in 100+ m lengths routinely with excellent texture uniformity and reproducibility**

# At the 2004 Peer Review, we announced our 1<sup>st</sup> 100 m conductor using IBAD YSZ & PLD



**End-to-end  $I_c$  : 70 A/cm over 100 m**

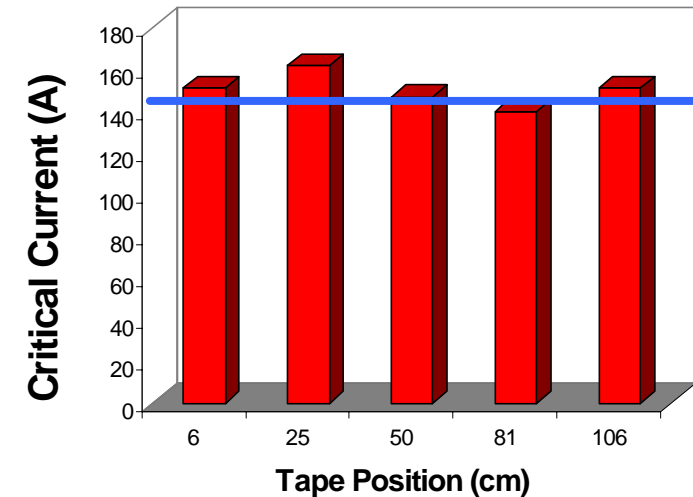
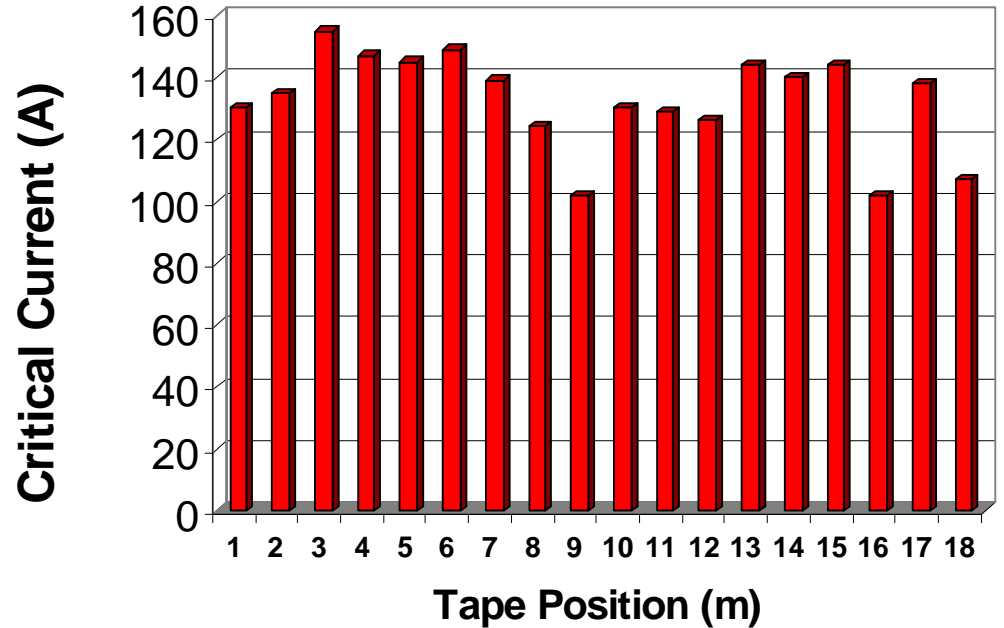
**$I_c$  range : 68 A to 83 A**

**Standard deviation = 5.2%**

# In parallel, MOCVD was being developed using a robust IBAD YSZ template

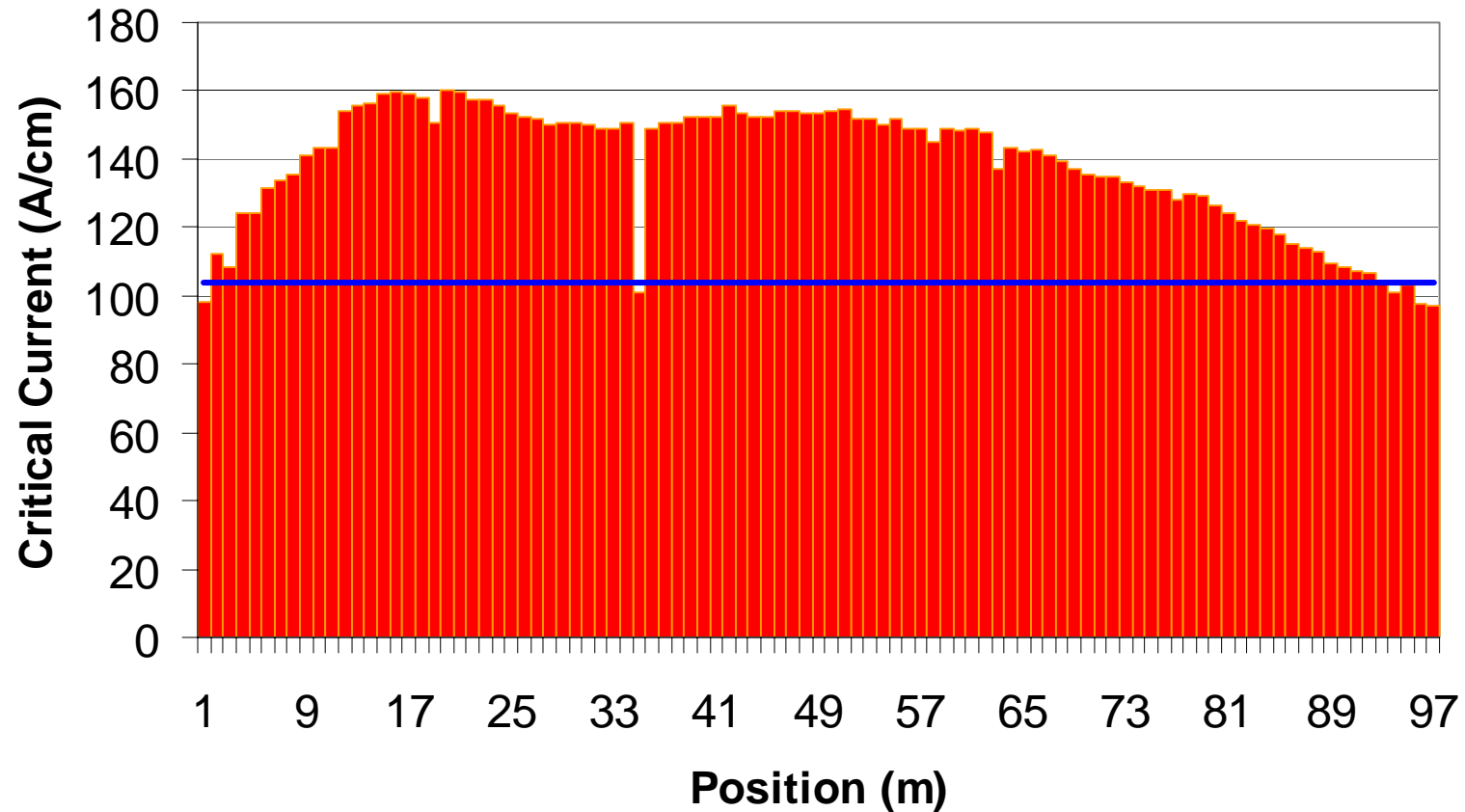


**In 2002,  
147 A/cm  
over  
1 m by  
MOCVD**



**In 2003,  
117A/cm  
over  
18 m  
by MOCVD**

# At the 2005 Wire Workshop, we announced a 10,000 A-m milestone achievement with MOCVD



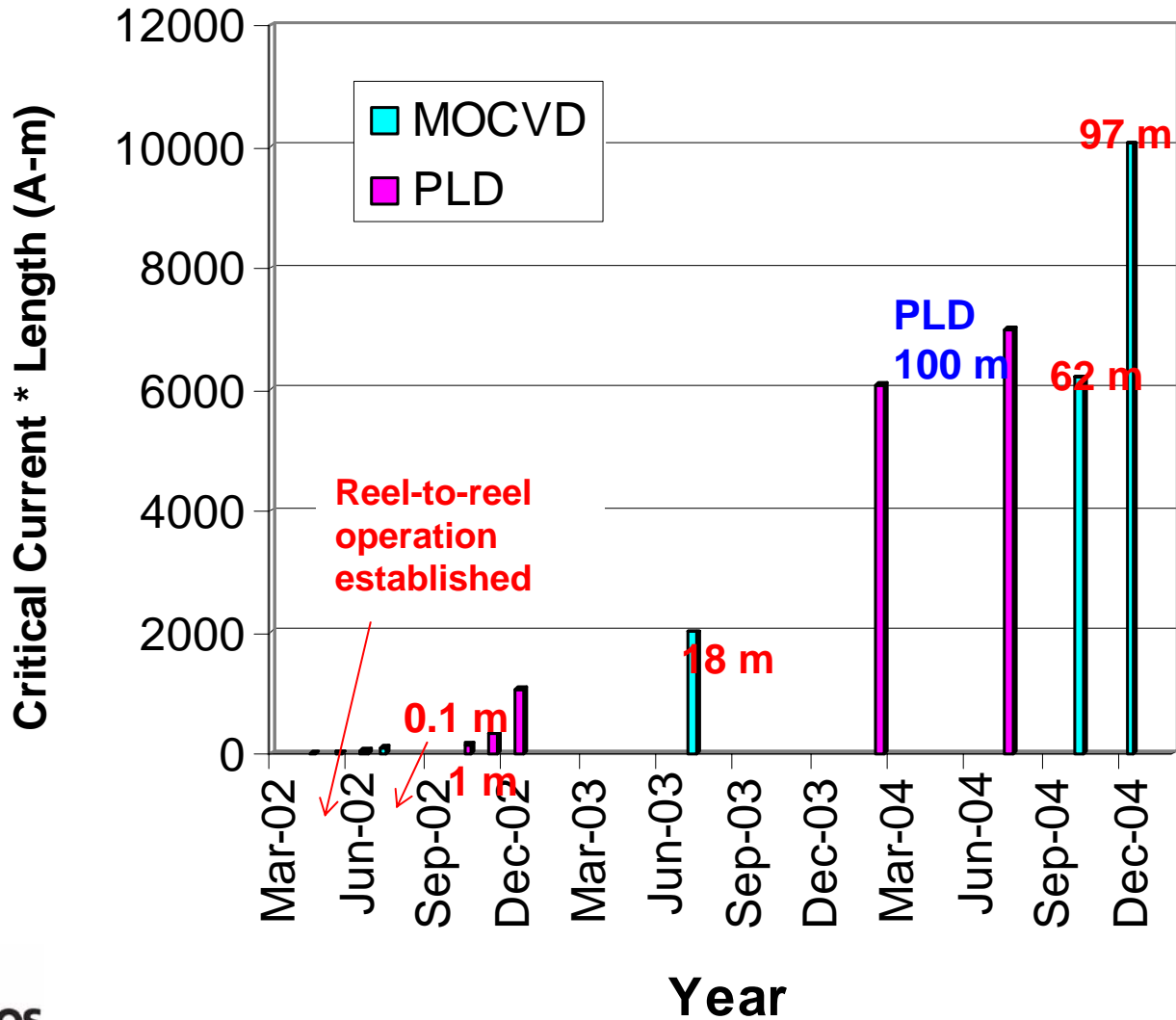
**103.7 A/cm over 97 m = 10,050 A-m**

**5% uniformity over mid 50 m**

**2% uniformity over mid 50 m except for 1 m segment**



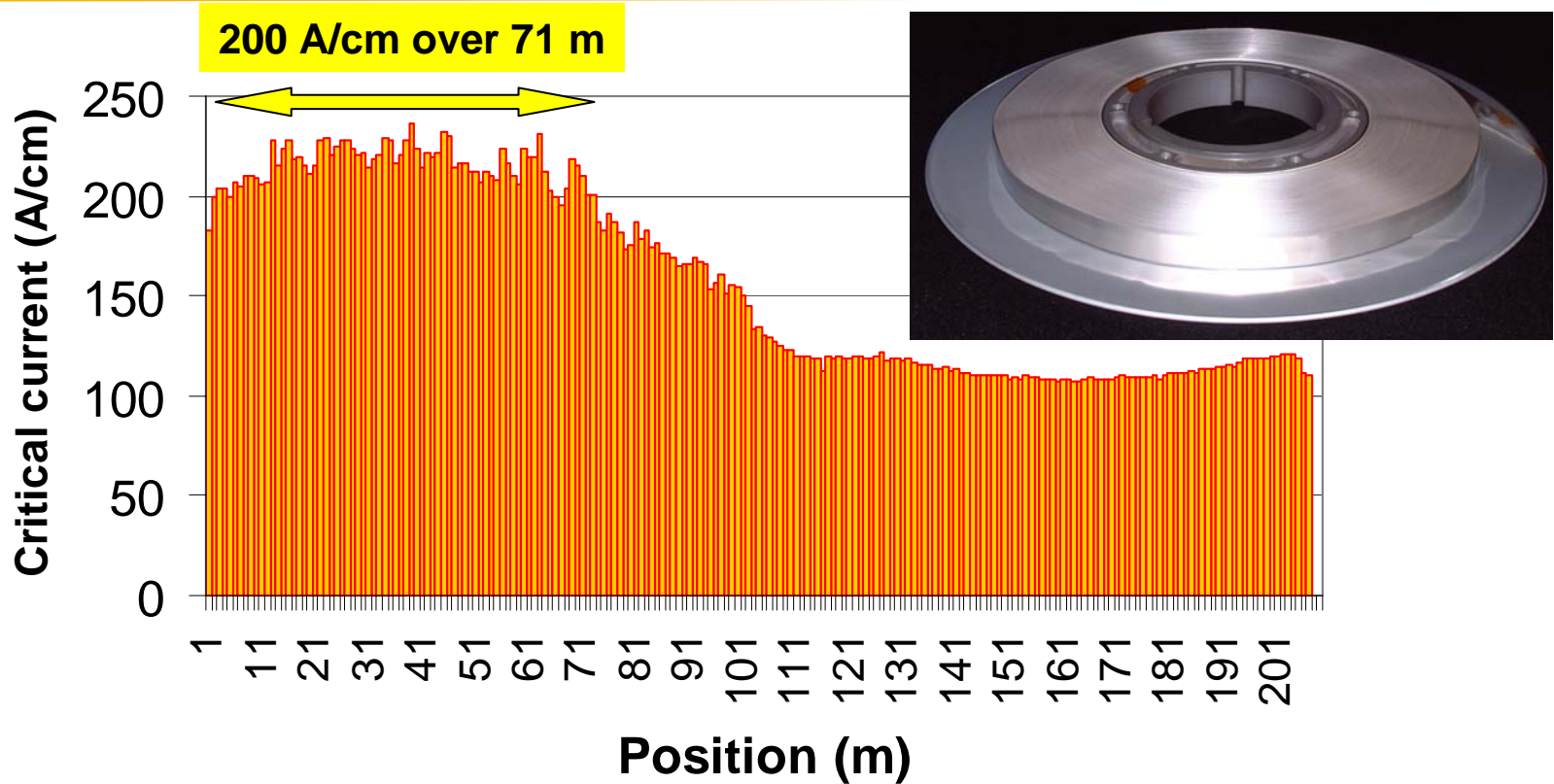
# 10,000 A-m milestone achieved in 3 years of operation after reel-to-reel installation



# Performance milestones for 2G coated conductor met or exceeded

<i>Year</i>	<i>Milestones</i>	<i>Accomplishment</i>
<b>2001</b>	Continuous Production of short lengths of 2nd gen HTS.	Demonstrated
<b>2002</b>	Demonstrate 2G with rated performance better than 100 A-m in > 1 m lengths	315 A-m achieved
<b>2003</b>	Demonstrate performance > 1000 A-m in > 10 m lengths	~ 2000 A-m achieved
<b>2004</b>	Demonstrate performance > 10,000 A-m in > 100 m lengths	10,050 A-m achieved

# And now: First 200 m long 2G conductor



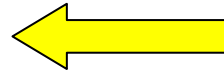
Minimum  $I_c$  of 106.7 A/cm over 206.7 m (22,030 A-m)  
(End-to-end  $I_c$  expected to be slightly higher)

71 m with  $I_c$  of 200 A/cm with standard deviation of 4.3%  
Standard deviation of 4.3% over the last 100 m

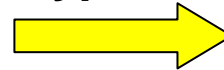
# SuperPower's strategy for manufacturing scale-up of IBAD technology



Pilot IBAD facility



Prototype IBAD facility



Scale up mature YSZ process to 100+ m lengths in Pilot IBAD facility: 01 – 04

- Establish long-term reliability, uniformity & stability of ion sources
- Develop on-line process controls
- Develop helix-tape handling system for high throughput & long single-pieces
- Use a reliable template for MOCVD process scale up

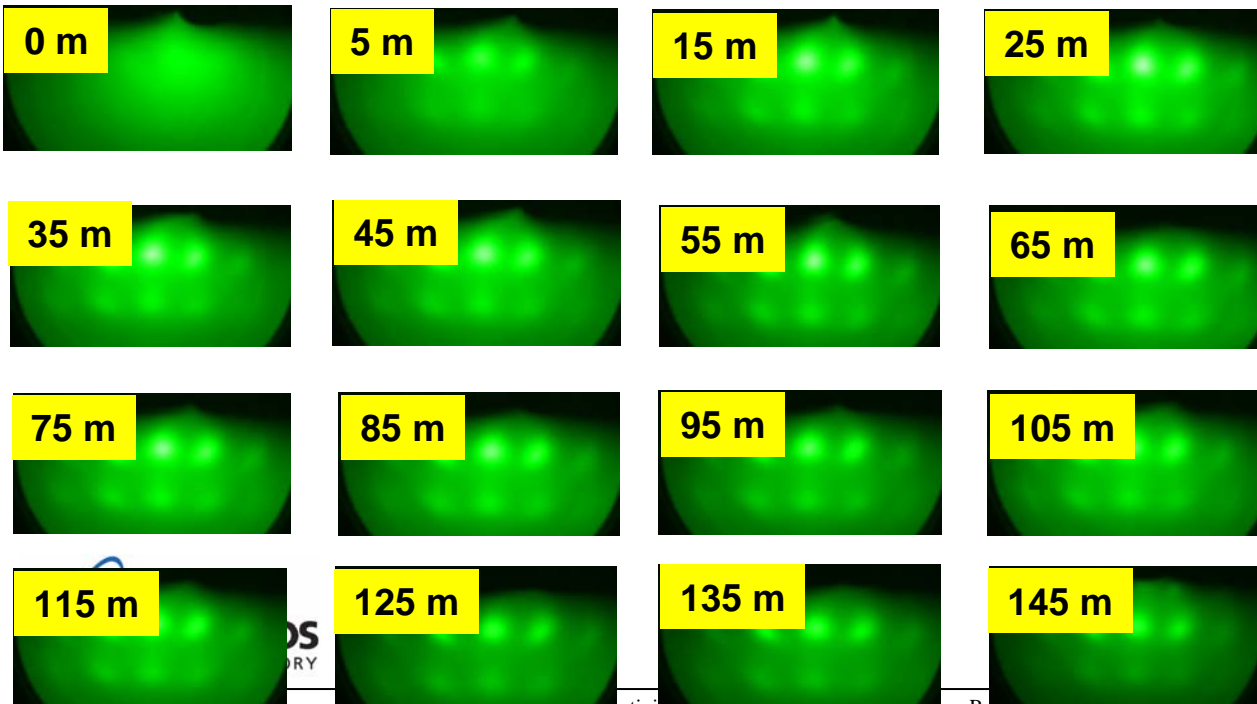
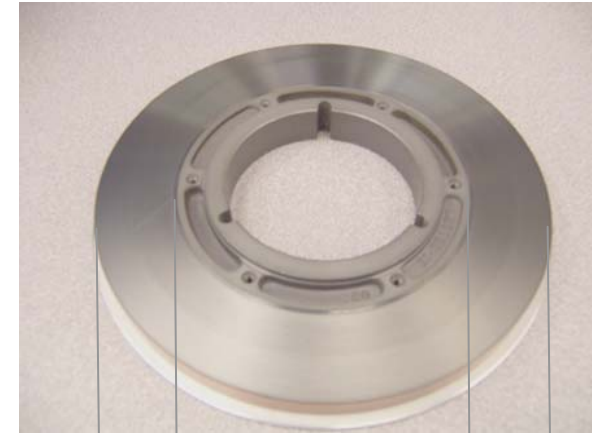
Transfer IBAD MgO technology from LANL in Prototype IBAD facility & scale-up to 100 m using lessons from Pilot IBAD : **2004 (Follow-on 2 year CRADA with LANL)**

Integrate IBAD MgO with MOCVD & then transfer MgO to Pilot IBAD : 2005

# IBAD MgO is being routinely fabricated in 135 m lengths at 10 m/h even in a Prototype IBAD system

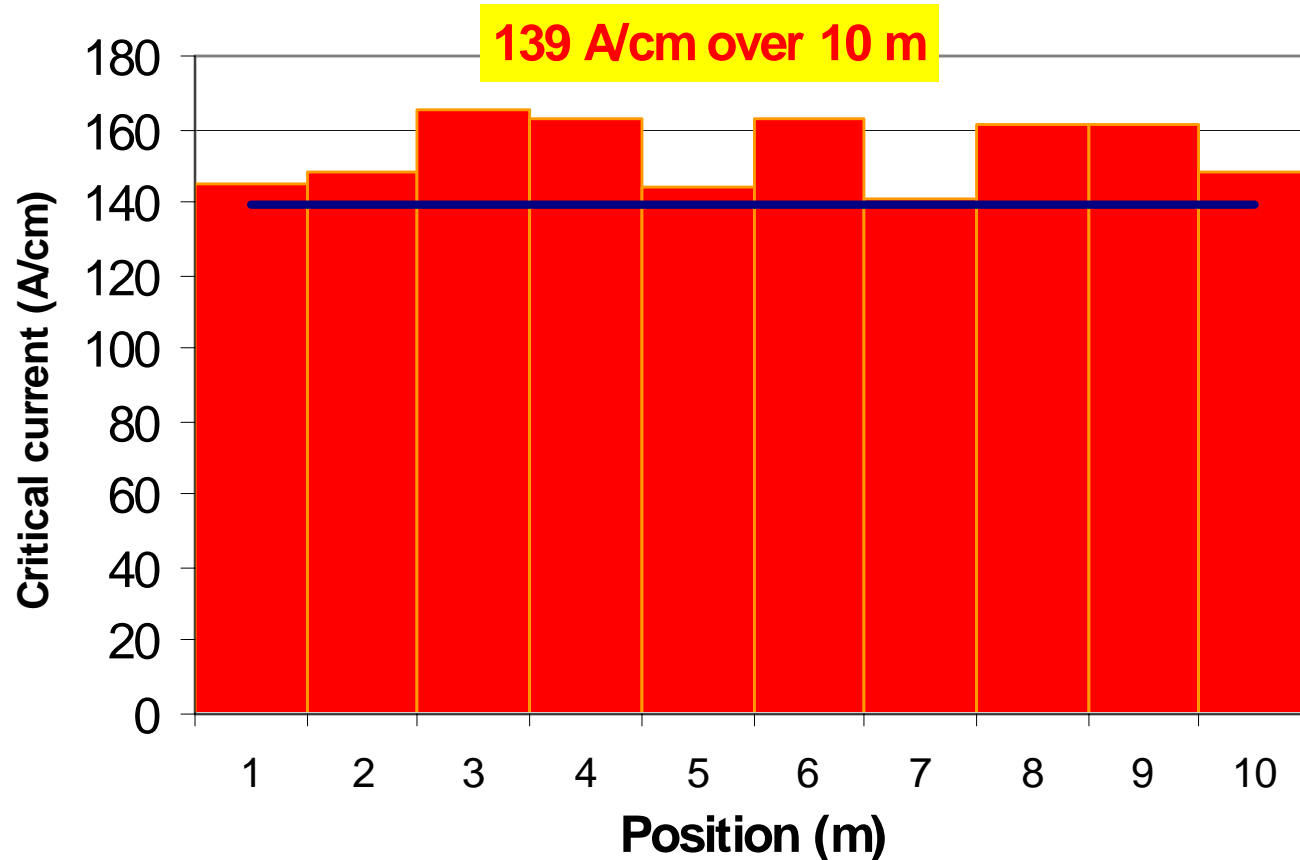
**April 2004** : LANL staff transferred IBAD MgO process at SuperPower

**July 2004** : Uniform in-plane texture of 6-7 degrees over **one 40 m** IBAD MgO produced at 10 m/h throughput



**June 2005:**  
**Twelve 135 m** IBAD MgO tapes have been fabricated on 50 micron thick substrates at 10 m/h

# MOCVD has been successfully integrated with IBAD MgO in 2005



10m length MOCVD-YBCO conductor on RF sputtered STO/reactively sputtered MgO on 50 micron substrate.

End-to-end  $I_c^*$  = 139 A/cm. Standard deviation = 6%

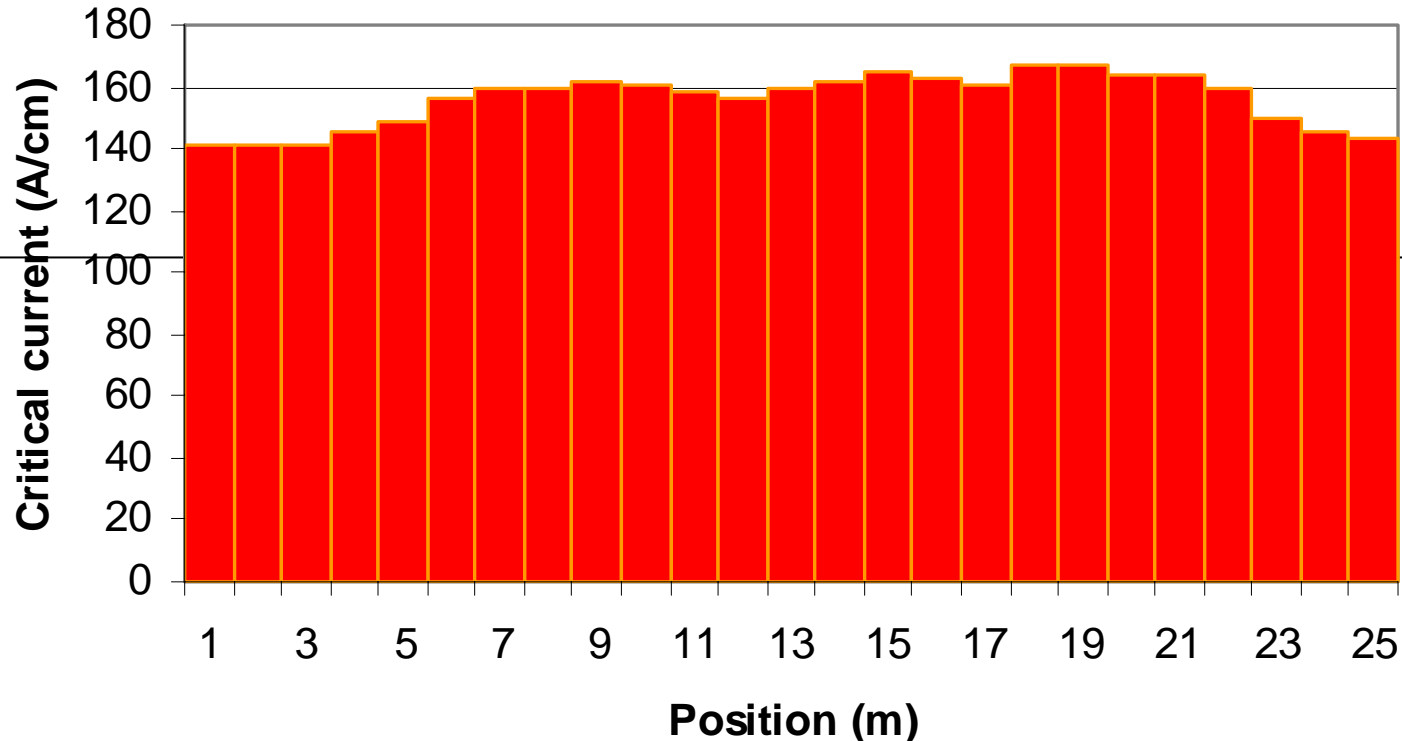
# And Now: 25 m MOCVD tape demonstrated with LMO buffered IBAD MgO

IBAD MgO @ 10 m/h

RF Sputtered LMO @ 10 m/h

Reactively sputtered MgO @ 10 m/h

MOCVD @ 10 m/h × 2 passes



**I<sub>c</sub>\* of 142 A/cm over 25 m MOCVD tape with all high throughput buffers**

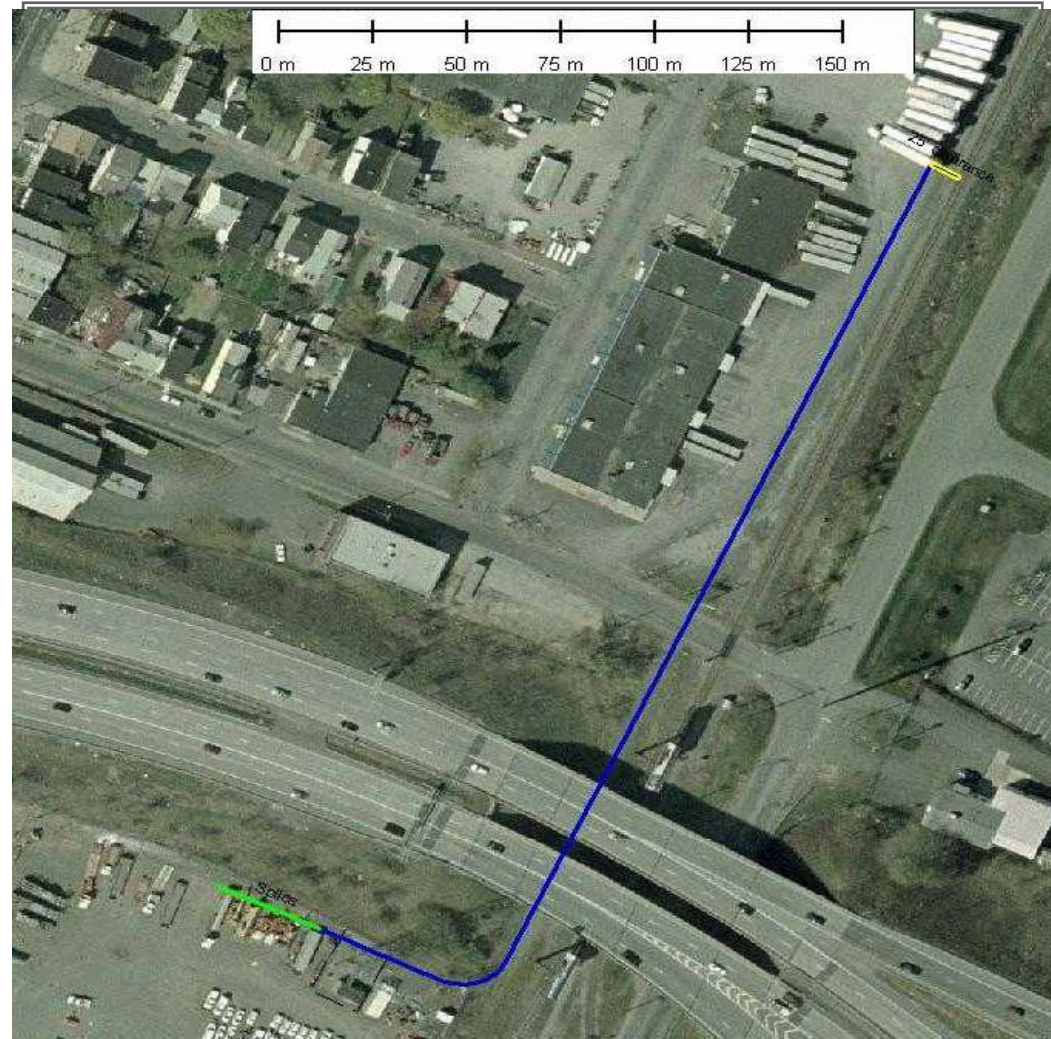
# Outlook for SuperPower's 2G program

We have come a long way in the last 4 years from centimeter sized tapes to 200 m long tapes

Commercial manufacturing of 2G conductors will begin in 2006.

SuperPower will deliver ~ 10 km of 2G conductor for the Albany Cable Project by summer of 2006

Large electric power prototype devices with 2G conductors will begin appearing by late 2006



**Albany Cable project** : National Grid, 350 m long cable. World's first in-grid cable, first underground cable, first cable-to-cable joint. World's first 2G device (30 m)